Centre on the Future of Government

Summary of Public Service Roundtables

• September 2019
• January 2020
OVERVIEW

The Centre on the Future of Government (CFG) has been established under the University of Ottawa Professional Development Institute. CFG leverages capacities for collaboration and flexibility and the deep knowledge of program development and leadership that exists in the Professional Development Institute. Serge Blais, Executive Director of the Professional Development Institute, is confident that the new programming will strengthen the long collaboration of the Institute with the Public Service of Canada.

The CFG, in addition to several open-enrollment events, organizes an annual Public Service Roundtables Series focused on convening experts from the public and private sectors and leading academics in subject areas of interest to the senior levels of government – Deputy Ministers and Assistant Deputy Ministers. The programming fosters thoughtful discussion on emerging trends with a focus on advancing forward leaning public policy issues.

To date, two Public Service Roundtables have been offered – September 2019 and January 2020. The summaries of the Roundtables below reflect discussions while respecting non-attribution to allow for open discussion. The two roundtables were well received. Participants found the speakers engaging and provocative and were keen to engage in debate and discussion as a group. It is intended that the Roundtables will be offered several times a year.

KPMG (Canada) and the Institute on Governance (IOG) contribute to making this programming possible.

SEPTEMBER 2019

Deputy Ministers Roundtable on Energy Transition

Speakers:

- Peter Tertzakian, Executive Director, ARC Energy
- Scott Vaughan, International Chief Advisor to the China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development (CCICED) and a Senior Fellow at the International Institute for Sustainable Development
- Monica Gattinger, Director of the University of Ottawa’s Institute for Science, Society and Policy (ISSP), and Chair of Positive Energy

Objective for the Roundtable: To explore how best Canada can transition to a less carbon-intensive future. There were 18 people in attendance, including Deputy Ministers.

There is tension between achieving CO2 reductions to meet domestic and international climate goals, while recognizing the economic importance of the domestic oil and gas industry. While overall the oil and gas industry is operating efficiently and the carbon tax is not a significant factor, the market is squeezed and destabilized by the risk premium being assessed by the financial sector and markets. Expiring oil and gas production is not being replaced through investment in new fields, although international modelling shows
that renewable energy sources are not growing fast enough to replace and expand supply to meet domestic or international demand. Very few consumers or governments are talking about significant reductions in total demand.

There is a challenge of focusing consumers and citizens on carbon reduction versus oil and gas production. If Canadian oil and gas is emitting less carbon than other energy sources in use globally, then Canadians should export and displace higher carbon energy sources. Dialogue across polarized groups in Canada is critical. Many Canadians prioritize limiting climate change by reducing the domestic carbon footprint. Solid evidence needs to be provided to Canadians on the relative emission levels of oil and gas production in Canada and internationally.

Discussions reflected on how Canadian oil and gas volume has tripled, while emissions have fallen in intensity. This should be a good news story, but rather, the lack of trust in all levels of government on this issue was highlighted. It is possible that a neutral third party is needed to bring the two sides of the spectrum together. There is a communication challenge of delivering facts and science to Canadians on this issue. In the public domain, the two sides of the debate are distrustful of data or evidence from the other perspective. There was a sense that the federal and provincial governments needed to improve the messaging and coordination on this issue.

JANUARY 2020

Assitant Deputy Ministers Roundtable on Exploring Conditions for Success to Advancing Reconciliation

Speakers:

- Claudette Commanda, of the Kitigan Zibi Anishinabeg First Nation, and Elder in Residence at the University of Ottawa
- Jaime Morse, a Michif with Nehiyaw and German ancestry, originally from Lac La Biche in Alberta
- Melissa Irwin, Inuk and instructor at Nunavut Sivuniksavut,
- George Lafond, member of the Muskeg Lake Cree Nation (Treaty 6) in Saskatchewan shared his personal experience, including as policy advisor to Federal ministers, Treaty Commissioner and elected Tribal Chief
- Pitseolak Pfeifer, born and raised in Iqaluit with over 25 years of experience in Inuit advocacy
- Darren O’Toole, a descendant of the Bois-Brulé (Wiisakodewniniwag) of the White Horse Plains in Manitoba, teaches Aboriginal law at the University of Ottawa Faculty of Law
- Jennifer David, a member of the Chapleau Cree First Nation

Objective for the Roundtable: To better understand the context and environment for Indigenous groups in Canada; to better understand objectives and aspirations of Indigenous groups; to develop awareness and tools to allow for better federal policy and programming.
Acknowledgement and opening prayer by Claudette Commanda.

The day was divided into Past, Present and Future:

Past: Jennifer David, Jaime Morse and Melissa Irwin
Covering: First Nations; Metis; Inuit history

Present: George Lafond and Pitseolak Pfeifer
Covering: land claims and treaty experience, north and south of 60
Darren O’Toole
Covering: Impact of UNDRIP in domestic legislation

Future: Jennifer David moderated, all presenters active

A group of 20 senior government leaders, including Assistant Deputy Ministers, Indigenous leaders and private sector representatives met for this spirited Roundtable discussion. Participants were keen to explore the issues raised over the morning and use the group setting to open discussions on sensitive and deeper questions.

These discussions included:

- the need for improved data and analytics to allow for better decision-making, more efficient funding and reporting, and better long-term investments;
- the importance of social media in allowing Indigenous youth to communicate, especially in sharing and expressing music and arts culture;
- the challenge for leaders of small Indigenous communities in understanding the policies and practices of three levels of government;
- a call for better coordination of program requirements and guidelines that would allow for more focus and efficient resource use;
- the potential value of a “wellness indicators” in Indigenous communities that could help in assessing the success of various programs;
- and the importance of supporting Indigenous people and Indigenous perspectives in the federal workforce.

There was considerable interest in continuing this dialogue in future Roundtable discussions and within the federal workplace.
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